

Prof. Kurt Wagemann

Sectorcoupling with Power-to-X

Materials for the European Green Deal, 22 April 2021

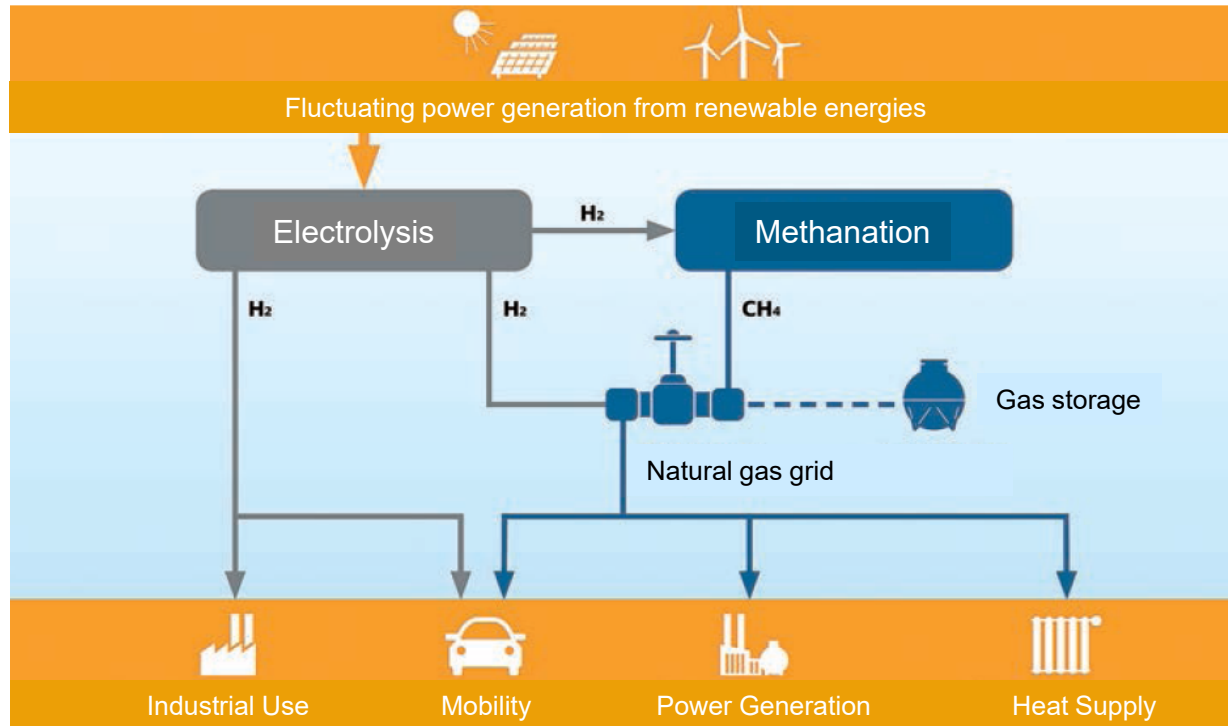
The Power-to-X concept

- Power-to-Heat
- Power-to-Gas
(Hydrogen, Methane)
- Power-to-Fuels
(Terms: E-Fuels, Power Fuels, Synfuels)
- Power-to-Chemicals
(Methanol, Ethene, ...)



The Power-to-X concept

- Originally developed as „Power-to-Gas“ (M. Sterner, M. Specht 2009)

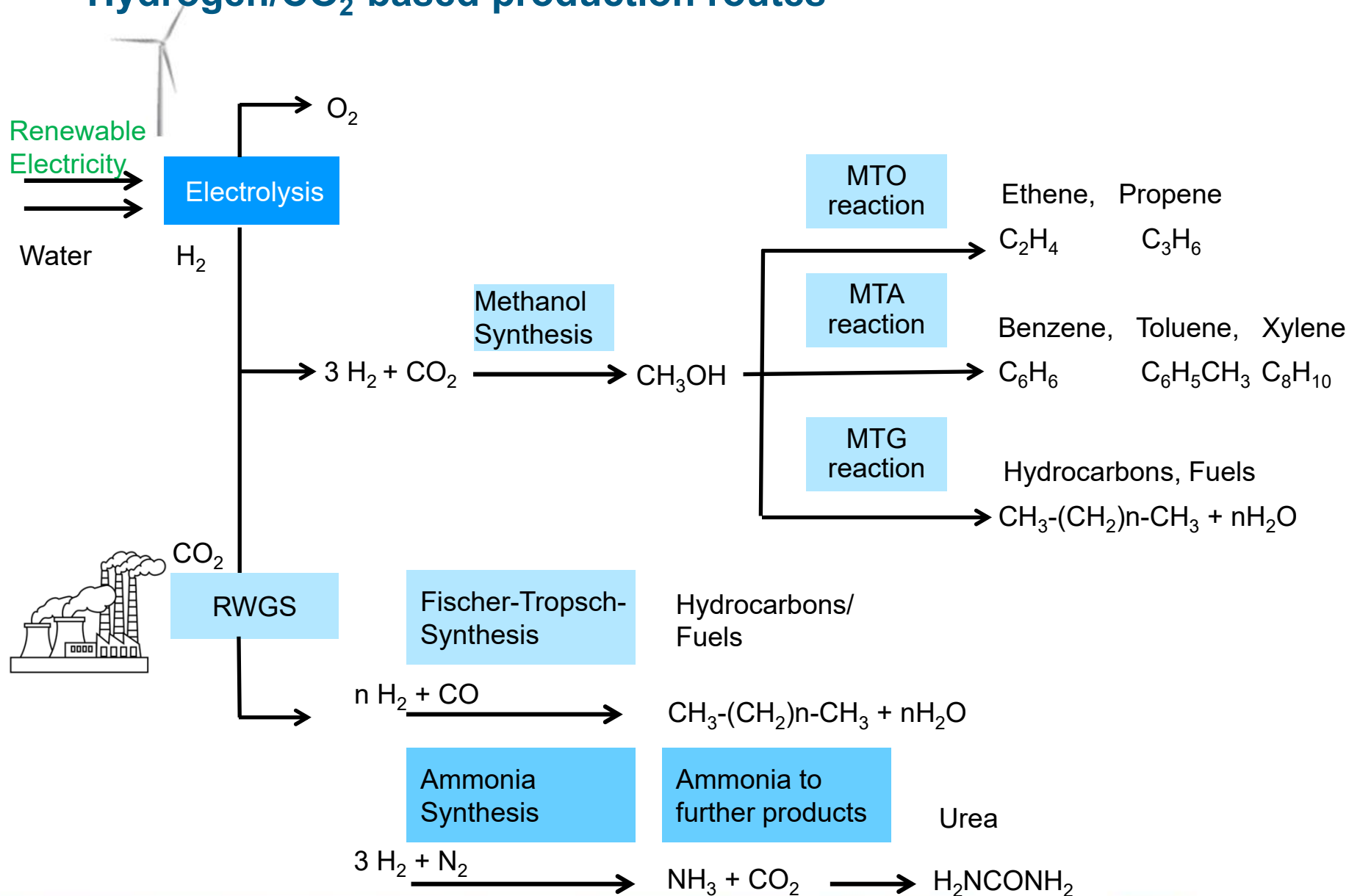


Water-Electrolysis:
 $H_2O \rightarrow H_2 + 1/2O_2$

Methanation:
 $CO_2 + 4H_2 \rightarrow CH_4 + 2H_2O$

Source: Energy 2.0 / Edition 6+7.2013

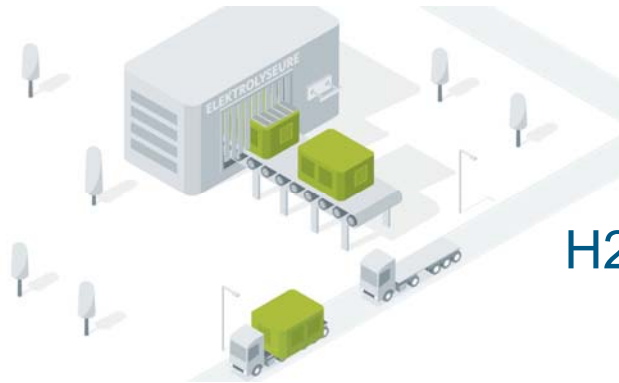
Hydrogen/CO₂-based production routes



The Hydrogen-Initiative of the German Government – Flagship Projects / Platforms

 **Wasserstoff**
Leitprojekte
Grün. Groß. Global.

 **Bundesministerium**
für Bildung
und Forschung



H2Giga: Ramp-up production



H2Mare: Offshore



TransHyDE: Transport solutions for
green hydrogen

Pictures © Projektträger Jülich

Kopernikus-Project: P2X

Research, validation and implementation of "Power-to-X" concepts

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Prof. K. Wagemann
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GEFÖRDERT VOM



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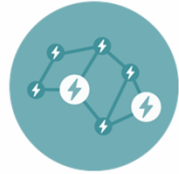
KOPERNIKUS
P2X **PROJEKTE**
Die Zukunft unserer Energie

The Kopernikus-Projects



P2X
Power-to-X

Alternative use and storage
of renewable energy



ENSURE
Use Cases

New network structures
adapted to fluctuating
energy supply



SynErgie
Demand Side
Management

Adaption and flexibility of
industrial processes to a
new energy supply



Ariadne
Political Options

Acting as a guide for
science and society
through the energy
transition

Partner-Projects

> **Rheticus**

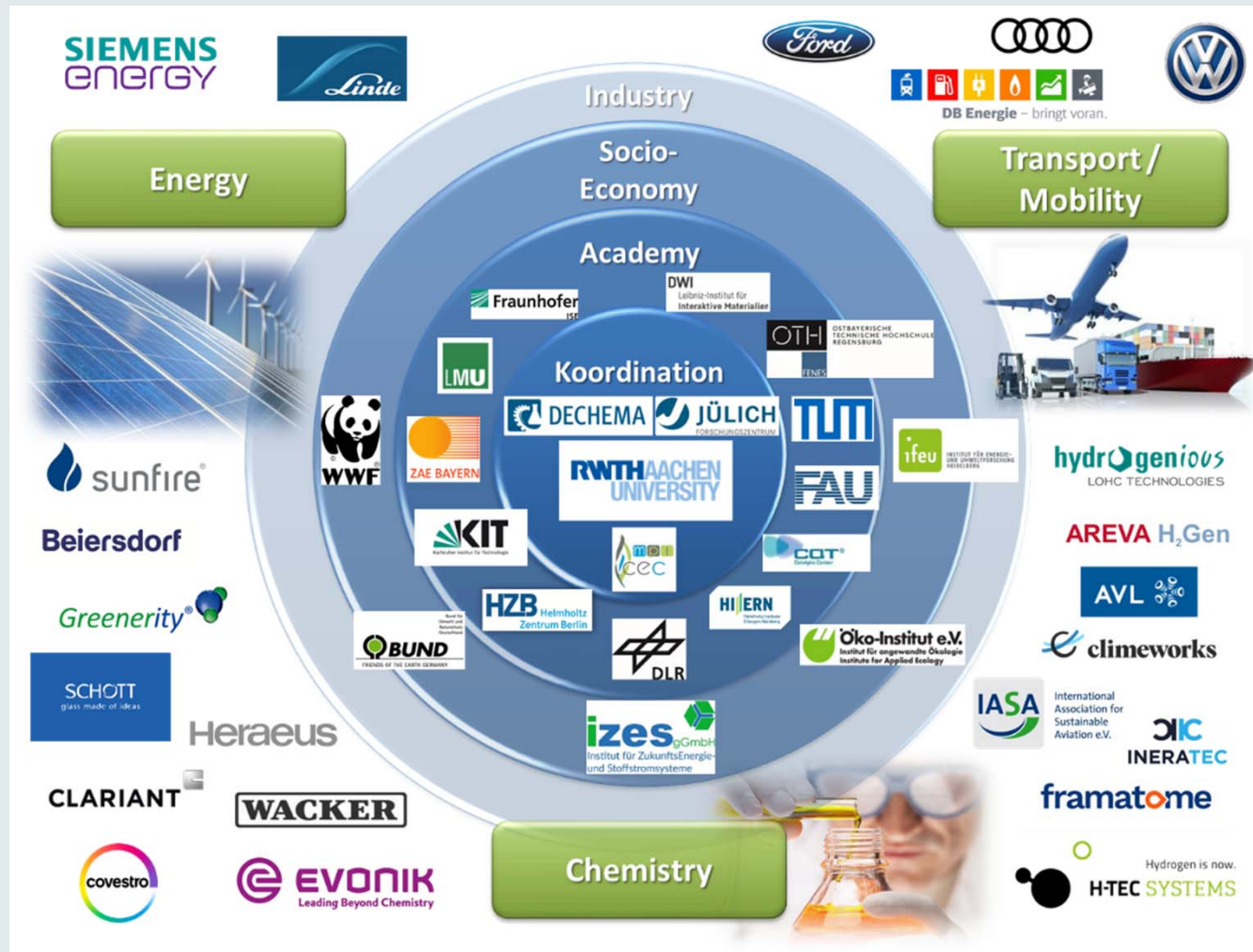
> **WissKomm
Energiewende**

KOPERNIKUS
>>PROJEKTE
Die Zukunft unserer Energie



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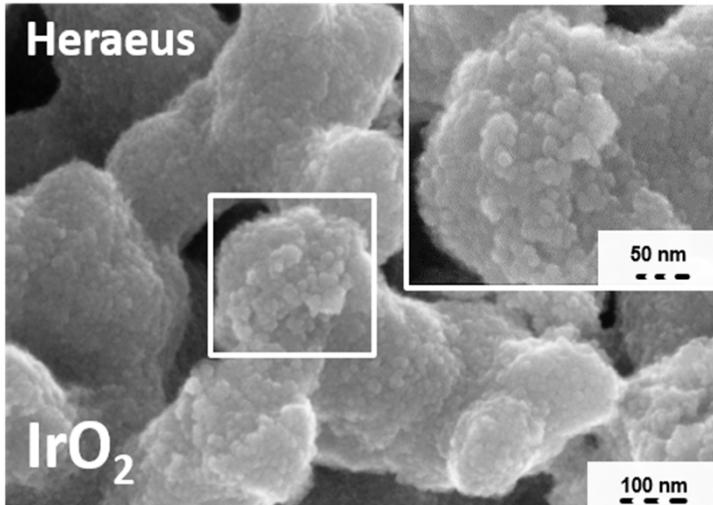
P2X - Phase II: Facts and figures



- 10 years (3, 3 and 4 years)
- 43,3 Mio. € (Phase II, 30% industry)
- 16 research institutes, 24 enterprises, 2 NGO's¹⁷

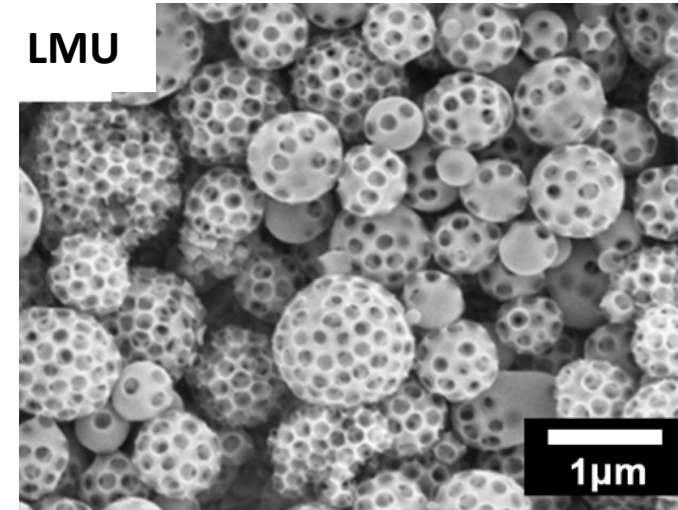
P2X: FC-A1 Water-Electrolysis

Development of highly structured catalysts



New nano-IrO₂ reference catalyst with large surface area

↪ Higher activity of the new nano-IrO₂ ($\approx 160 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$) P2X-reference-catalyst over the IrO₂-based benchmark catalyst



FC-A1 Gen 1 catalyst: Sb:SnO₂ microstructures coated with IrO₂

↪ IrO₂ activity is sufficient, but requires highly structured catalyst with low packing density ($\text{g}_{\text{Iridium}}/\text{cm}^3_{\text{electrode}}$)

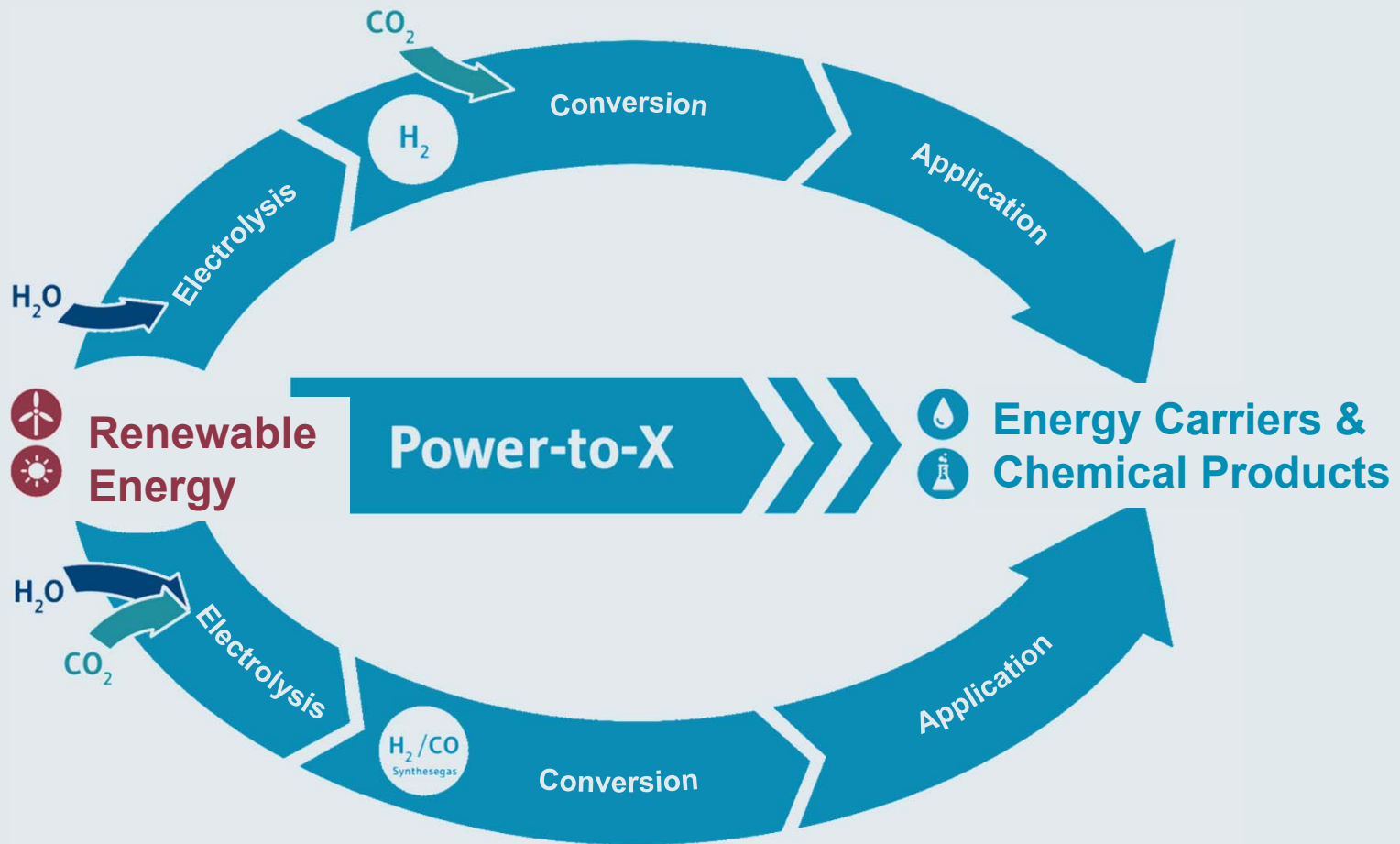
FC-A2: Low-Temperature Co-Electrolysis: *process integration*

- › Optimization and further development of gas diffusion electrode for CO₂ reduction
- › High current densities up to 300 mA/cm² with high CO selectivity (FE_{CO} >80%)
- › Operation at increased pressure without loss of performance
- › Up-scaling (in combination with fermenter FC-B2) in smallest industrial scale in the scope of the associated project *Rheticus*



First test operation of the 300 cm² electrolysis cell at Siemens AG

P2X - Phase II: Technology Pathways



P2X - Phase II: Technology Pathway 1 - Hydrogen as energy vector

VALUE CHAIN HYDROGEN FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS

ENERGY

Application as heating gas in the glass industry



MOBILITY

Application as fuel at a H₂ filling station



CHEMISTRY

Production of Polymethyleneether(PME)-Polymers



Photo source: Lecture Covestro, AP1.3a - Neuartige C1-Polyole für Polymeranwendungen
Lecture P. Wasserscheid AP1.2a,1.3b+c - H₂-Speicherung mittels LOHC-Technologien

P2X - Phase II: Technology Pathway 2 – Synthesis gas as energy vector

VALUE CHAIN SYNTHESIS GAS FOR SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS

- › Synthesis gas (CO and H₂) from the co-electrolysis of CO₂ and H₂O is converted into products for two sectors:

MOBILITY



Decentralized production of standardized CO₂-neutral fuels



Fischer-Tropsch-Synthesis
Hydrocracking Module
(INERATEC / KIT)

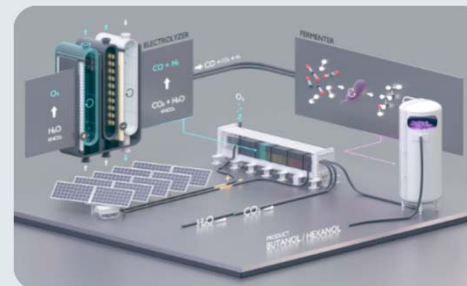
Electrolysis SOEC
Module (sunfire)

Direct Air Capture
Module (Climeworks)

CHEMISTRY



Production of aliphatic alcohols



www.ohmymag.de

Power-to-X: Which are the „Bottlenecks“?

- Availability of renewable energies
(including social acceptance of wind parks)
- Efficient (direct) chemical conversion processes
- Large scale electrolysers
- High demand for precious and rare earth metals
(wind turbines, PV, electrolysers)
Low carbon technologies = high metal dependency*

* Source: James Clark, Department of Green Chemistry, Centre of Excellence - University of York/UK